HEDIS Measure: Medication Reconciliation Post-Discharge (MRP)

We are committed to working with you to improve the quality of care and health outcomes for our members, your patients. HEDIS® (Healthcare Effectiveness Data and Information Set) is one tool we use to measure many aspects of performance. This document details some of the key features of the HEDIS measure for Medication Reconciliation Post-Discharge (MRP).

What is the measure?
The measure reports the percentage of discharges from January 1 to December 1 of the measurement (current) year for members age 18 and older whose medications were reconciled on the date of discharge through 30 days after discharge (31 total days) during the measurement year.

Eligible Members:
- Members who are age 18 or older as of December 31 of the measurement year
- Continuously enrolled from the date of discharge through 30 days after discharge (31 days total)
- Acute or non-acute inpatient discharges on or between January 1 and December 1 of the measurement year. Member may have more than one acute or non-acute discharge during the measurement year.

Documentation Requirements

Medication reconciliation that has been completed by a prescribing practitioner, clinical pharmacist or registered nurse on the date of discharge through 30 days after the discharge date.

Documentation in the medical record must include evidence of medication reconciliation and the date when the reconciliation was performed.

Current and discharge medications have been reconciled by the providers.

Current medication list to include a note that the discharge medications have been reviewed.

No medications were prescribed or ordered upon discharge.

Documentation in the discharge summary that the discharge medications were reconciled with the current medications.

Current medication with a notation that references the medications. Examples include:
- No changes in medication since discharge
- Same medication at discharge
- Discontinue all discharge medications

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Documentation Required (continued)

There must be evidence that the discharge summary was filed in the outpatient chart on the date of discharge through 30 days after the discharge (total of 31 days).

Current medication list, a discharge medication list and documentation that both have been reviewed on the same date.

Evidence that the member was seen for post-discharge hospital follow-up with evidence of medication reconciliation or review.

Note: Documentation in the outpatient chart meets the purpose of the measure, but an outpatient visit is not required.

Unacceptable Forms of Documentation

Documentation that the discharge medications have been reviewed, but no documentation that they were reviewed or reconciled with the current medications.

List of the discharge medications and a list of the current medications are included in the record, but no documentation that they have been reconciled.

Discharge medication and current medication reconciled on a date more than 30 days after the discharge date.

CPT and CPT II Codes

These CPT and CPT II codes can be submitted via a claim or encounter to document compliance with medication reconciliation processes that are completed within 30 days of member’s discharge:

99495 Transitional care management services with moderate medical decision complexity (face-to-face visit within 14 days of discharge)

99496 Transitional care management services with high medical decision complexity (face-to-face visit within 7 days of discharge)

1111F Discharge medications reconciled with the current medications list in outpatient record

Exclusions

Hospice care.